EXHIBIT 4

	Page 1
1	
2	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
	FOR THE DISTRICT OF PUERTO RICO
3	Case No. 17-BK-3283-LTS
	x
4	In re:
5	THE FINANCIAL OVERSIGHT AND MANAGEMENT
	BOARD FOR PUERTO RICO,
6	
	as representative of
7	
	THE COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO, et al.,
8	_
	Debtors.
9	x
1 0	Case No. 17-BK-4780-LTS
10	
11	In re:
	THE FINANCIAL OVERSIGHT AND MANAGEMENT
12	BOARD FOR PUERTO RICO,
13	as representative of
14	THE PUERTO RICO ELECTRIC POWER AUTHORITY,
15	Debtor.
	x
16	May 3, 2023
	10:00 a.m.
17	
18	VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION of DAVID SKEEL,
19	held at the offices of Kramer Levin
20	Naftalis & Frankel LLP, located at 1177
21	Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York
22	10036, before Anthony Giarro, a Registered
23	Professional Reporter, a Certified Realtime
24	Reporter and a Notary Public of the State
25	of New York.

	Page 86
1	DAVID SKEEL
2	Q What's your understanding of
3	the basis upon which the number was
4	increased by \$280 million?
5	A My understanding is the
6	basis was increased to incorporate a
7	settlement with National.
8	Q So, in other words, the
9	board was proposing that PREPA could
10	issue an additional \$280 million worth of
11	bonds in order to finance the National
12	settlement?
13	A That is my understanding,
14	yes.
15	Q Between December when the
16	first plan of adjustment was issued and
17	February 9th, did the board or its
18	advisors come to a different view about
19	how much was affordable for PREPA?
20	A I don't remember. The
21	affordability analysis is continuously
22	being refined. But I don't remember
23	there being a new view.
2 4	Q Let me make sure the
25	record's clear on that.

	Page 95
1	DAVID SKEEL
2	agreement, an RSA with bondholders and
3	monolines in 2018 and then 2019?
4	A Yes, I do.
5	Q And the oversight board
6	agreed to I'll just call it the RSA.
7	Will you understand what I
8	mean?
9	A Yes, what I call the 2019
10	RSA.
11	Q Yes.
12	The board agreed to the 2019
13	RSA; right?
14	A The board did agree.
15	Q And the ad hoc group of
16	bondholders were a party to that RSA?
17	A The ad hoc group were a
18	party, yes.
19	Q And other monolines?
20	A Other monolines, yes, were a
21	party.
22	Q Forgive me if I asked you
23	this.
24	But you personally agreed to
25	the terms of that RSA?

	Page 96
1	DAVID SKEEL
2	A I personally did agree.
3	Q Did you believe at the time,
4	that agreement was in PREPA's best
5	interest?
6	A At the time, I believed it
7	was in PREPA's best interest.
8	Q And you believed that the
9	deal was affordable from the perspective
10	of PREPA and its rate payers?
11	A At the time we signed it, I
12	believed it was affordable.
13	Q Otherwise, you wouldn't have
14	agreed to it; right?
15	A Yes.
16	Q And you've said you are
17	driven by the requirements of PROMESA.
18	Did you consider that the
19	2019 RSA was consistent with the
20	requirements of PROMESA?
21	A When we entered into the
22	requirements of PROMESA, I believed the
23	2019 RSA was consistent with them.
24	Q The term sheet for that RSA
25	provided for an exchange ratio between a

1	
	Page 113
1	DAVID SKEEL
2	predict fuel prices.
3	Q Did you think that inflation
4	in Puerto Rico was going to continue to
5	be a problem over the coming decades?
6	A I didn't have a particular
7	prediction about inflation.
8	Q And did you think that the
9	COVID-19 pandemic would persist over the
10	coming decades?
11	A I would have thought that at
12	some point, the pandemic would end.
13	Q You could put that aside.
14	The board has reached a PSA
15	with National; is that correct?
16	A That is correct.
17	Q What is National?
18	A National is a monoline
19	insurer.
20	Q Do you know from memory what
21	the terms of that settlement are in terms
22	of the exchange rate?
23	A I know the basic terms, yes.
24	Q I'll represent to you that
25	the exchange ratio is 71.65 percent.

	Page 114
1	DAVID SKEEL
2	Does that sound correct to
3	you?
4	A That is correct.
5	Q And then there's some
6	additional fees that are called for to be
7	paid to National; right?
8	A That is correct.
9	Q Did you approve that
10	settlement?
11	A I initially voted against
12	it. And then I later approved it.
13	Q What changed your mind?
14	A What changed my mind was
15	that when considering the benefits of
16	that settlement and weighing it against
17	the burden of the settlement and the
18	risks created by the settlement, the
19	board as a whole had concluded that it
20	was a good settlement. And I came to
21	agree with the board as a whole.
22	Q Why did you initially vote
23	against it?
2 4	A Initially, I weighed those
25	same costs and benefits of the

	Page 115
1	DAVID SKEEL
2	settlement, put them together and
3	concluded that the costs were a little
4	bit greater than the benefits.
5	Q Would you agree with me that
6	pursuant to the plan of adjustment, the
7	non-settling bondholders under all
8	scenarios recover less than
9	71.65 percent?
10	A That is not accurate.
11	Q What is inaccurate about it?
12	A It's inaccurate well,
13	actually, let me correct that. The
14	settling bondholders can recover more
15	than the non-settling bondholders cannot.
16	I stand corrected.
17	Q And the non-settling
18	bondholders, when I say under all
19	scenarios, I mean litigation scenarios
20	and other scenarios identified in the
21	plan of adjustment.
22	Under all scenarios, the
23	non-settling bondholders recover less
24	than 71.65 percent; right?
25	A On all the scenarios that

Page 116 1 DAVID SKEEL 2 are included in the current plan of 3 adjustment, yes, the non-settling bondholders recover, yes. 4 5 And I'll just add one 6 qualification to that. I think it's 7 accurate, your statement is accurate. 8 But if the non-settling bondholders 9 vote -- if the class votes yes, they're 10 entitled to the CVI in the plan. 11 would have to figure out what the CVI 12 But I think you're correct, that 13 it ends up -- under plausible 14 possibilities, I think it ends up being 15 less. 16 And the same is true for the 17 other monolines; Assured, for example, 18 under the plan obtains less than 19 71.65 percent? 20 That is correct. Α 21 And the difference is not 22 trivial; it's a material difference, 23 isn't it? 24 MR. FIRESTEIN: Objection, 25 vague.

Page 117 1 DAVID SKEEL 2 The difference between what Α 3 National recovers under the plan as it's currently written and what the 4 5 non-settling bondholders and monolines 6 recover is meaningful. Again, it would 7 depend on what the CVI possibility is. In the 2019 RSA that we 8 Q 9 looked at, the other monolines, besides 10 National and the ad hoc group, the 11 bondholders all got the same exchange 12 rate; right? 13 Α I believe that is correct. 14 Is it your view as a board 15 member that National's different 16 treatment from other bondholders and 17 monolines is necessary to PREPA's 18 reorganization? 19 I don't know whether -- I Α 20 would say necessary because that involves 21 speculation about different possibilities 22 for reorganization. What I will say is, 23 it is an important piece of what we think 24 is a confirmable plan of adjustment. 25 Q Why do you say that?

Page 168 1 DAVID SKEEL 2 structure of the settlement. 3 What was the benefit -- what 0 were the benefits that you believe that 4 5 the board and PREPA would have gotten by 6 entering into that settlement? 7 The benefits were that they 8 compromised their claim at less than 100 9 cents on the dollar. And we thought it 10 was a pretty strong claim. They are a 11 sizable claim that is now supportive of 12 the plan and will vote in favor of the 13 plan of adjustment and will not object to 14 the plan of adjustment. And all of those 15 were attractive benefits. 16 And can you identify what in 17 particular swayed the board to accept an 18 84 percent recovery rate? 19 MR. FIRESTEIN: I think the 20 form of your question seeks 21 deliberative process. I'll instruct 22 the witness not to answer. He's 23 already told you what his 24 understanding was of it. You can 25 reframe, if you wish.

	Page 214
1	DAVID SKEEL
2	Syncora's contractual relationship with
3	PREPA?
4	A No, I have not.
5	Q Have you ever looked at
6	National's contractual relationship with
7	PREPA?
8	A No. I don't believe I have,
9	no.
10	Q Do you have any basis to
11	say, one way or the other, whether
12	Syncora's rights with respect to PREPA
13	are any different than National's rights
14	with respect to PREPA?
15	A I don't have a basis, no.
16	Q Your emphasis on the word I
17	makes me think someone else might have a
18	basis.
19	Do you know who that person
20	might be?
21	A Our lawyers may have a
22	basis. I just don't know.
23	Q But you don't yourself?
24	A Sitting here today, no, I
25	don't.

Page 356 1 DAVID SKEEL 2 entitlement to recovery on account of its 3 claims, which are unsecured, other than the approximately \$17 million in the 4 5 sinking fund? 6 MR. FIRESTEIN: It's an 7 incomplete hypothetical. 8 MR. BASSETT: I'll strike 9 the question. I'll rephrase it. 10 So assuming that the Q 11 National -- assuming that the summary 12 judgment decision is not overturned on 13 appeal, then National only has a secured 14 claim to the extent of the moneys in the 15 sinking fund; correct? 16 That is correct. 17 Aside from that secured 18 claim, on account of whatever unsecured 19 claim National ends up having against 20 PREPA, would National have any greater 21 legal entitlement to recovery than other 22 general unsecured creditors? 23 MR. FIRESTEIN: Calls for a 24 legal conclusion, lacks foundation. 25 You can answer if you understand.

Page 357 1 DAVID SKEEL 2 Α National's deficiency claim 3 would be an unsecured claim with the same status as general unsecured claims. 4 5 So other than the likelihood 0 6 of that decision being overturned on 7 appeal, can you think of any reason why 8 National's claim is different than 9 general unsecured claims for purposes of 10 the 1129(b)1 analysis we talked about 11 earlier? 12 Α Subject to the same 13 qualifications. If we're talking about 14 just not the secured portion, we're 15 talking about the deficiency claim, it 16 does seem to me that it has the same 17 stature as a general unsecured claim or 18 would. 19 And it's also possible that 0 20 an appeal or -- you understand that it's 21 possible that the district court will 22 decide that bondholders have an unsecured 23 deficiency claim much lower than \$8.5 billion? 24 25 I understand that that is Α